

Équations importantes du tome 3

$x = A \sin(\omega t + \phi) \quad \omega = \frac{2\pi}{T}$ $v_{\max} = A\omega \quad a_{\max} = A\omega^2$ $a_x = -\omega^2 x$	$g = \frac{y_i}{y_o} \quad G = \frac{\alpha_i}{\alpha_o}$	$\gamma = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - (v/c)^2}}$ $\gamma \approx 1 + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{v}{c} \right)^2$ $T = \gamma T_0 \quad L = \frac{L_0}{\gamma}$	$L_S = 3,83 \times 10^{26} \text{ W}$ $\bar{D}_{\text{ST}} = 1,496 \times 10^{11} \text{ m}$ $S = 1,36 \text{ kW/m}^2$ $R_T = 6,37 \times 10^6 \text{ m}$ $\alpha = 0,3$
$\omega_0 = \sqrt{\frac{k}{m}} \quad \omega_0 = \sqrt{\frac{g}{L}}$	$\theta' = \theta \quad f = \frac{R}{2}$ $\frac{1}{p} + \frac{1}{q} = \frac{1}{f} \quad \frac{y_i}{y_o} = -\frac{q}{p}$	$\tau = \frac{L_0}{c} \frac{v}{c}$	$T = 288 \text{ K} \quad \text{EEI} = 1 \text{ W/m}^2$
$\theta = \theta_{\max} \sin(\omega t + \phi)$ $\omega_0 = \sqrt{\frac{mgh}{I}}$ $I = m h^2 + I_{\text{CM}}$	$n = \frac{c}{v} \quad n_2 \sin \theta_2 = n_1 \sin \theta_1$	$x_{\text{B}} = \gamma (x_{\text{A}} - v_{\text{BA}} t_{\text{A}})$ $t_{\text{B}} = \gamma \left(t_{\text{A}} - \frac{v_{\text{BA}}}{c^2} x_{\text{A}} \right)$	$I_c = \kappa \left \frac{dT}{dr} \right $
$U = \frac{1}{2} m \omega^2 x^2$ $E = \frac{1}{2} m \omega^2 A^2$	$\frac{n_1}{p} + \frac{n_2}{q} = \frac{n_2 - n_1}{R}$ $\frac{y_i}{y_o} = -\frac{n_1}{n_2} \frac{q}{p}$	$v_{\text{xAR}} = \frac{v_{\text{xAB}} + v_{\text{xBR}}}{1 + \left(\frac{v_{\text{xAB}}}{c} \right) \left(\frac{v_{\text{xBR}}}{c} \right)}$	$C = 0,128 \text{ ppm} \times \frac{m_{\text{CO}_2}}{1 \text{ Gt}}$ $C_{\text{pi}} = 280 \text{ ppm}$
$\mathbf{F}_{\text{am}} = -b \vec{v}$ $\omega' = \sqrt{\frac{k}{m} - \left(\frac{b}{2m} \right)^2}$ $x = A_0 e^{-\frac{b}{2m} t} \sin(\omega' t + \phi)$	$\frac{1}{p} + \frac{1}{q} = \frac{1}{f} \quad \frac{y_i}{y_o} = -\frac{q}{p}$ $\frac{1}{f} = (n_L - 1) \left(\frac{1}{R_{\text{A}}} - \frac{1}{R_{\text{B}}} \right)$	$f' = \sqrt{\frac{c \pm v}{c \mp v}} f$	$\Delta F_{\text{CO}_2} = (5,35 \text{ W/m}^2) \ln \left(\frac{C}{C_{\text{pi}}} \right)$
$\lambda = vT = \frac{v}{f}$ $v_s = 340 \text{ m/s}$ $v = \sqrt{\frac{F}{\mu}} \quad \mu = \frac{m}{L}$	$A_{\text{acc}} = V_{\max} - V_{\min}$ $V = \frac{1}{f} \quad A_{\text{acc}} = \frac{1}{d_{\text{PP}}} - \frac{1}{d_{\text{PR}}}$	$\vec{p} = \gamma m \mathbf{v} \quad F = \gamma^3 m \mathbf{a}$ $K = (\gamma - 1) m c^2 \quad E_0 = m c^2$ $E = E_0 + K = \gamma m c^2$ $E^2 = p^2 c^2 + m^2 c^4$	Constantes et facteurs de conversion $g = 9,8 \text{ m/s}^2$ $e = 1,6 \times 10^{-19} \text{ C}$ $1 \text{ eV} = 1,6 \times 10^{-19} \text{ J}$ $k = 9 \times 10^9 \text{ N} \cdot \text{m}^2 / \text{C}^2$ $c = 3,00 \times 10^8 \text{ m/s}$ $h = 6,63 \times 10^{-34} \text{ J} \cdot \text{s}$ $T(\text{K}) = T(^{\circ}\text{C}) + 273,15$ $\sigma = 5,67 \times 10^{-8} \text{ W/(m}^2 \cdot \text{K}^4)$ $1 \text{ u} = 1,660 \, 539 \times 10^{-27} \text{ kg}$ $m_p = 1,007 \, 276 \text{ u}$ $m_n = 1,008 \, 665 \text{ u}$ $m_e = 9,11 \times 10^{-31} \text{ kg}$ $= 0,000 \, 549 \text{ u}$ $1 \frac{\text{MeV}}{c^2} = 1,782 \, 662 \times 10^{-30} \text{ kg}$ $1 \text{ u} = 931,5 \text{ MeV}/c^2$
$y = A \sin(kx \pm \omega t + \phi)$ $k = \frac{2\pi}{\lambda} \quad \bar{P} = \frac{1}{2} \mu v \omega^2 A^2$	$\delta = d \sin \theta$ $\Delta \phi = \frac{\delta}{\lambda} \times (2\pi \text{ rad})$ $I_2 = 4 I_1 \cos^2 \left(\frac{\Delta \phi}{2} \right)$	$E = hf \quad E = pc$	
$C_{\text{R}} = \frac{A_{\text{R}}}{A_{\text{I}}} = \frac{1 - \sqrt{\mu_2 / \mu_1}}{1 + \sqrt{\mu_2 / \mu_1}}$ $C_{\text{T}} = \frac{A_{\text{T}}}{A_{\text{I}}} = \frac{2}{1 + \sqrt{\mu_2 / \mu_1}}$	$\delta = a \sin \theta$ $\delta_{\min} = m \lambda$ $(m = \pm 1, \pm 2, \pm 3, \dots)$ $\theta_{\text{lim}} = 1,22 \frac{\lambda}{D}$ $I = I_0 \frac{\sin^2(\Delta \phi_a / 2)}{(\Delta \phi_a / 2)^2}$	$\lambda' - \lambda = \frac{h}{mc} (1 - \cos \theta)$	
$f' = \left(\frac{v_{\text{sR}}}{v_{\text{sE}}} \right) f$ $f' = \left(\frac{v_{\text{s}} \pm v_{\text{R}}}{v_{\text{s}} \pm v_{\text{E}}} \right) f$	$\lambda_{\max} = \frac{(0,0029 \text{ m} \cdot \text{K})}{T}$ $I = \sigma T^4$	$\lambda = h/p$	
$y = A_{\text{stat}} \cos(\omega t) \sin(kx)$	$\frac{\lambda'}{\lambda} = \frac{n}{n'}$	$\Delta p_x \Delta x > h \quad \Delta E \Delta t > h$	
$f_b = f_1 - f_2 $	$I' = I \cos^2 \theta$	$2\pi r = n \lambda \quad E = \frac{(-13,6 \text{ eV})}{n^2}$	
$I = \frac{P}{A} \quad \beta = 10 \log \left(\frac{I}{I_0} \right)$ $I_0 = 10^{-12} \text{ W/m}^2$		$E_{\text{L}} = \Delta m c^2$ $Q = (\sum m_i - \sum m_f) c^2$	Rappels des tomes A et B $v_x = \frac{dx}{dt} \quad a_x = \frac{dv_x}{dt}$ $a_c = \frac{v^2}{r} \quad f = \frac{1}{T}$ $\sum \vec{F} = m \vec{a} \quad F_r = k e $ $K_f + U_f = K_i + U_i + W_{\text{nc}}$ $W = F s \cos \theta_{F_s} \quad K = \frac{1}{2} m v^2$ $U_r = \frac{1}{2} k e^2 \quad U_g = mgy$ $E = K + U \quad \bar{P} = \frac{\Delta(\text{énergie})}{\Delta t}$ $\vec{p} = m \vec{v} \quad \sum \vec{p}_f = \sum \vec{p}_i$ $U_e = qV$